

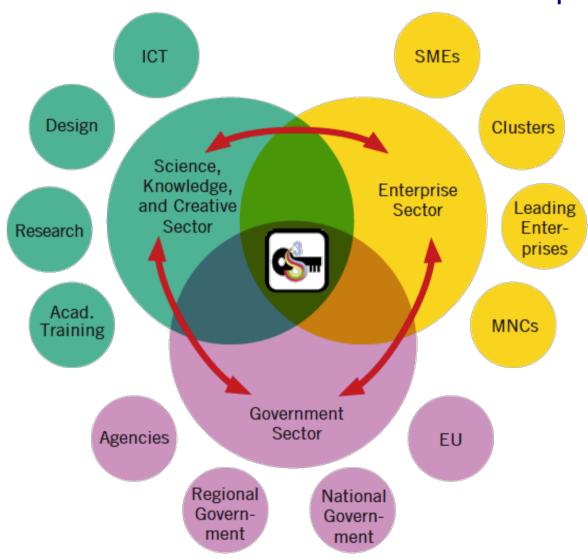
Mapping the Knowledge Sector at the Regional Level:

A Case Study on how we did it for the Region of Crete, Greece

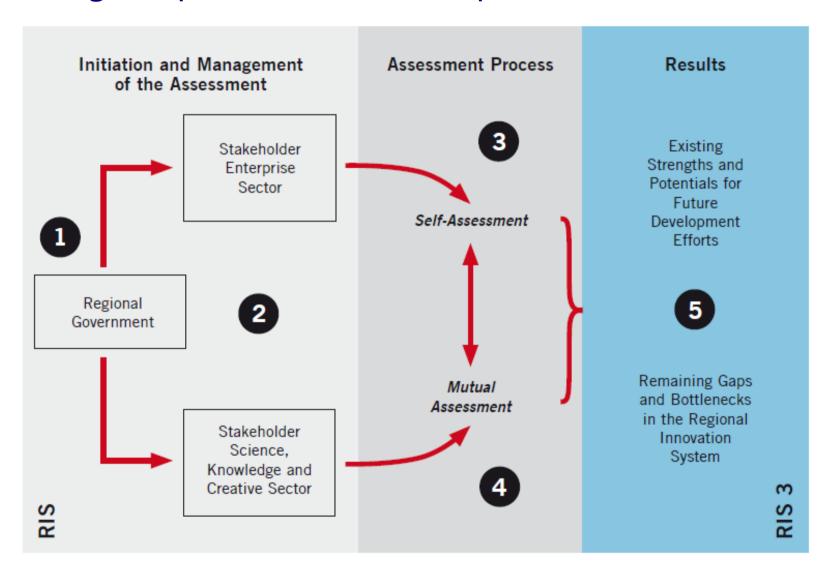
Dr-Ing Yannis Tolias Managing Partner, innovatia systems tolias@innovatiasystems.eu



What we want is a cross-evaluation of the triple helix!



Starting the process for smart specialisation



RIS₃ Key Topics to be addressed



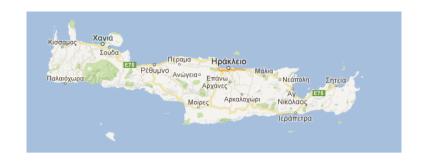
- 1. Where does your region already excel or has the potential to put itself on the map as a recognized world-class place of competence?
- 2. Which are the specific scientific strengths and research specializations in your region?
- 3. Which emerging new scientific competences can be spotted in your region?
- 4. Who are the key actors? How are they linked with the regional economy?

- 5. How fit is your regional knowledge base to address conjointly the grand challenges of society? How do regional lead institutions position themselves in global chains of knowledge and value)?
- 6. How favorable are working conditions for researchers in your region? How much mobility between the public science and the private sector does exist in your region? Do universities train scholars and graduates to become entrepreneurs?
- 7. Does current academic education fit to the needs of the regional economy – do regional employers absorb graduates or are graduates forced to look elsewhere?
- 8. What about the internationalization of researchers and research collaborations?

Part I

MAPPING THE KNOWLEDGE SECTOR: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS





Number of Scientific Publications (Web of Science): 10.501

CAGR: **6,29%** vs **4,63%** for Greece

Crete contributes 9,3% of the Greek output in scientific publications

These papers were written by **14.224** researchers affiliated to **1.834** organizations in **101** countries/territories of which:

2.852 (27,16%) from Crete only

3.916 (37,3%) from Crete and the rest of Greece

15 (0,14%) with contributions of companies established in Greece

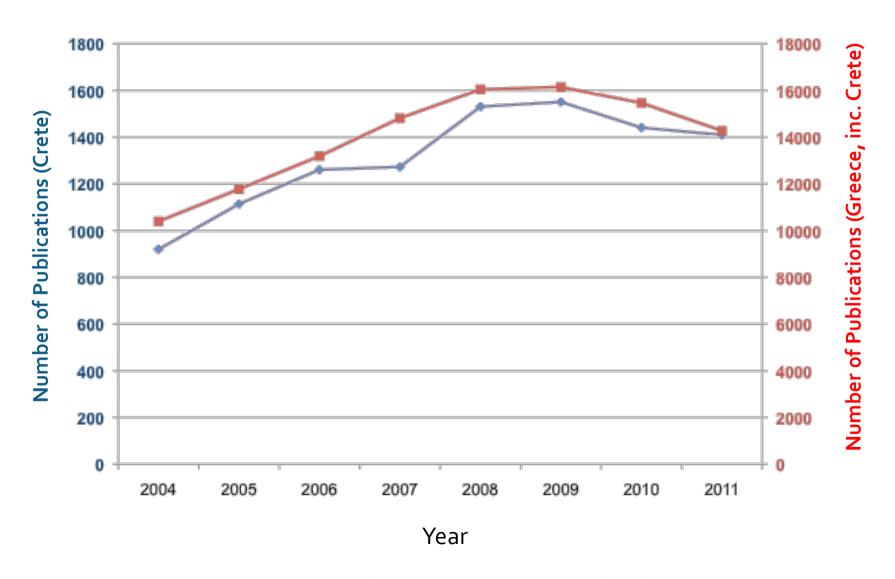
Number of academic patents granted worldwide: 19

Foundation for Research and Technology Hellas (FORTH): 16 (32 applications)

University of Crete (UoC): 2 (8 applications)

Technical University of Crete (TUC): 1 (3 applications)

Scientific output (papers, books, ...) in numbers

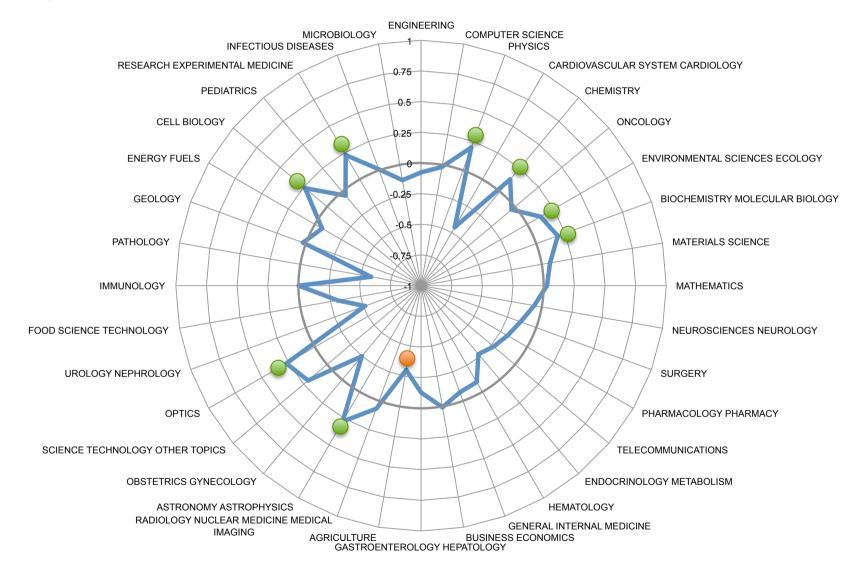


Overall co-authorship map (countries)

Created by the free version of tableau+public



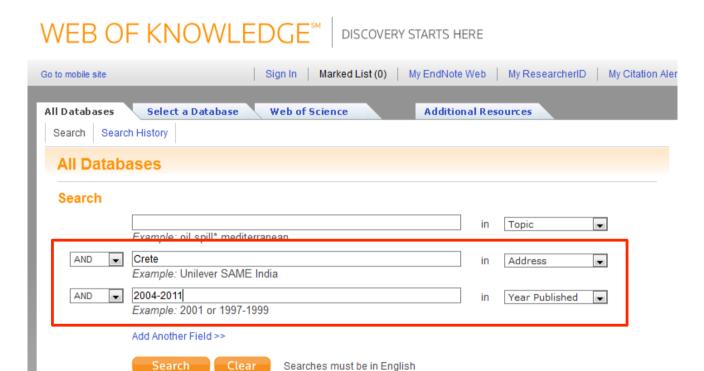
Regional Specialisation: Crete vs Greece



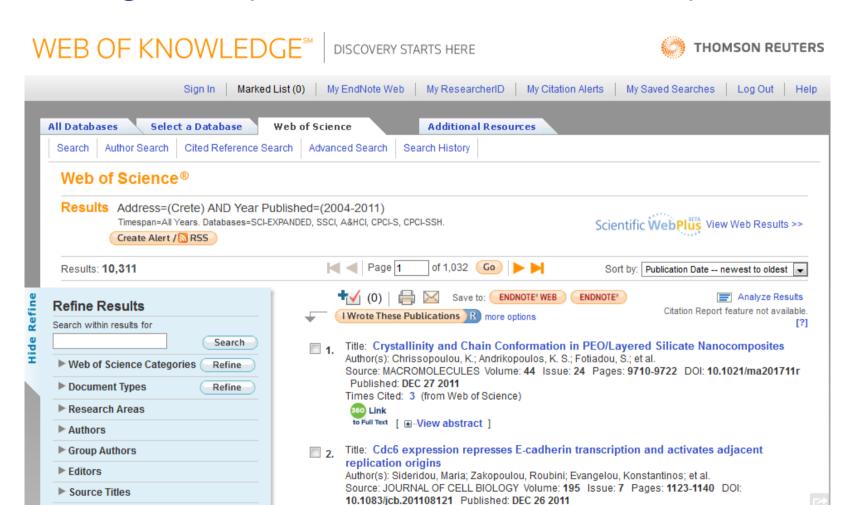
Strong areas of regional specialisation

RESEARCH AREA	#GR04-11 ‡	%GR04-11 \$	#CR04-11 ‡	%CR04-11 \$	RSI ‡	RTAN ‡
OPHTHALMOLOGY	678	0.614	177	1.721	2.803	0.474
DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	111	0.1	27	0.263	2.630	0.449
TROPICAL MEDICINE	53	0.048	13	0.126	2.625	0.448
EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY	226	0.205	54	0.525	2.561	0.438
ACOUSTICS	407	0.368	95	0.924	2.511	0.430
FISHERIES	465	0.421	102	0.992	2.356	0.404
PARASITOLOGY	120	0.109	26	0.253	2.321	0.398
SOCIAL WORK	14	0.013	3	0.029	2.231	0.381
MARINE FRESHWATER BIOLOGY	977	0.884	199	1.935	2.189	0.373
LEGAL MEDICINE	70	0.063	14	0.136	2.159	0.367
BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES	156	0.141	31	0.301	2.135	0.362
ZOOLOGY	410	0.371	79	0.768	2.070	0.349
OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY	466	0.422	89	0.865	2.050	0.344
MICROSCOPY	65	0.059	12	0.117	1.983	0.330
OCEANOGRAPHY	474	0.429	83	0.807	1.881	0.306
MINERALOGY	160	0.145	27	0.263	1.814	0.289
ASTRONOMY ASTROPHYSICS	1918	1.736	317	3.082	1.775	0.279
METEOROLOGY ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES	1122	1.015	182	1.77	1.744	0.271
OPTICS	1747	1.581	282	2.742	1.734	0.269
MINING MINERAL PROCESSING	123	0.111	19	0.185	1.667	0.250
CELL BIOLOGY	1544	1.397	232	2.256	1.615	0.235
RESEARCH EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE	1436	1.299	213	2.071	1.594	0.229
BIOPHYSICS	685	0.62	99	0.963	1.553	0.217
AUDIOLOGY SPEECH LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY	85	0.077	12	0.117	1.519	0.206
HISTORY	121	0.109	17	0.165	1.514	0.204
SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY OTHER TOPICS	1823	1.65	256	2.489	1.508	0.203
PUBLIC ENVIRONMENTAL OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	1266	1.146	177	1.721	1.502	0.201
PHYSICS	8883	8.038	1235	12.009	1.494	0.198

Getting the key statistics from WoS - Search



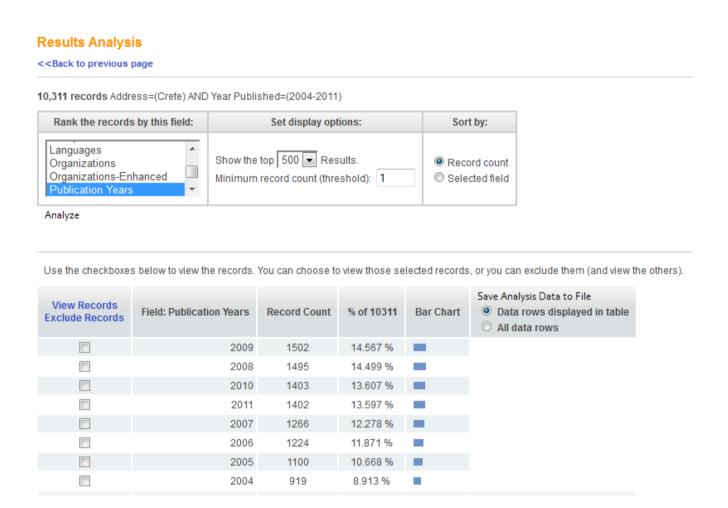
Getting the key statistics from WoS – Analyze (1)



Times Cited: 2 (from Web of Science)

Book Series Titles

Getting the key statistics from WoS – Records / year



Getting the key statistics from WoS – Key Actors

Results Analysis

<<Back to previous page

10,311 records Address=(Crete) AND Year Published=(2004-2011)



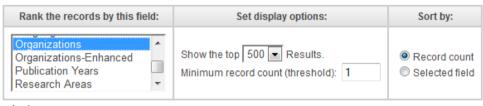
Analyze

Use the checkboxes below to view the records. You can choose to view those selected records, or you can exclude them (and view

View Records Exclude Records	Field: Organizations-Enhanced	Record Count	% of 10311	Bar Chart
	UNIVERSITY OF CRETE	6602	64.029 %	
	FOUNDATION FOR RESEARCH TECHNOLOGY HELLAS FORTH	1700	16.487 %	-
	TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF CRETE	1658	16.080 %	
	UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS	545	5.286 %	1
	UNIVERSITY OF PATRAS	444	4.306 %	1
	UNIV HOSP HERAKLION	415	4.025 %	1
	TECHNOL EDUC INST CRETE	383	3.714 %	1
	ARISTOTLE UNIVERSITY OF THESSALONIKI	295	2.861 %	1
	UNIVERSITY OF IOANNINA	230	2.231 %	1
	MAX PLANCK SOCIETY	229	2.221 %	1

Getting the key statistics from WoS – Key Actors

10,311 records Address=(Crete) AND Year Published=(2004-2011)



Analyze

Use the checkboxes below to view the records. You can choose to view those selected records, or you can exclude them (and

View Records Exclude Records	Field: Organizations	Record Count	% of 10311	Bar Chart
	UNIV CRETE	6482	62.865 %	
	TECH UNIV CRETE	1678	16.274 %	
	FDN RES TECHNOL HELLAS	926	8.981 %	
	FORTH	657	6.372 %	
	UNIV ATHENS	488	4.733 %	1
	UNIV HOSP HERAKLION	444	4.306 %	1
	TECHNOL EDUC INST CRETE	383	3.714 %	1
	UNIV PATRAS	270	2.619 %	1
	ARISTOTLE UNIV THESSALONIKI	265	2.570 %	1
	UNIV IOANNINA	230	2.231 %	1
	HELLEN CTR MARINE RES	218	2 114 %	1

Getting the key statistics from WoS – Collaborations

10,311 records Address=(Crete) AND Year Published=(2004-2011)

Rank the records by this field: Set display options: Sort by:

Authors
Book Series Titles
Conference Titles
Countries/Territories

Show the top 500 ▼ Results.
Minimum record count (threshold): 1

Selected field

Analyze

Use the checkboxes below to view the records. You can choose to view those selected records, or you can

View Records Exclude Records	Field: Countries/Territories	Record Count	% of 10311	Bar Chart
	GREECE	10208	99.001 %	
	USA	1601	15.527 %	
	ENGLAND	842	8.166 %	
	GERMANY	789	7.652 %	
	FRANCE	630	6.110 %	
	ITALY	524	5.082 %	•
	SPAIN	496	4.810 %	To the second
	NETHERLANDS	315	3.055 %	1
	SWEDEN	201	1.949 %	T
	BELGIUM	191	1.852 %	1
	CANADA	176	1.707 %	T
	SWITZERLAND	157	1.523 %	1

Getting the key statistics from WoS - Specialization

10,311 records Address=(Crete) AND Year Published=(2004-2011)

Rank the records by this field:		Set display options:	Sort by:
Organizations Organizations-Enhanced Publication Years Research Areas	•	Show the top 500 ▼ Results. Minimum record count (threshold): 1	Record count Selected field

Analyze

Use the checkboxes below to view the records. You can choose to view those selected records, or you can exclude them (ar

View Records Exclude Records	Field: Research Areas	Record Count	% of 10311	Bar Chart
	PHYSICS	1236	11.987 %	
	ENGINEERING	1220	11.832 %	
	COMPUTER SCIENCE	955	9.262 %	
	CHEMISTRY	838	8.127 %	
	BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	580	5.625 %	1
	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES ECOLOGY	511	4.956 %	1
	ONCOLOGY	458	4.442 %	1
	MATERIALS SCIENCE	450	4.364 %	1
	MATHEMATICS	405	3.928 %	1
	NEUROSCIENCES NEUROLOGY	320	3.103 %	1



Plotting the Regional Specialisation Index (RSI)

(See ECOOM KU Leuven & EVI presentation of 24 Jan 2013 here: http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu/documents/10157/63241/Andries_130124)

$$RSI_{i,j} = \frac{P_{i,j}}{\sum_{i} P_{i,j}} / \frac{\sum_{j} P_{i,j}}{\sum_{i,j} P_{i,j}}$$

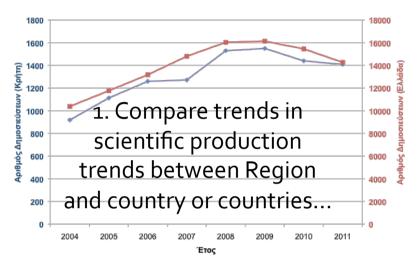
$$RSI_{i,j}^{norm} = \frac{RSI_{i,j} - 1}{RSI_{i,j} + 1}$$

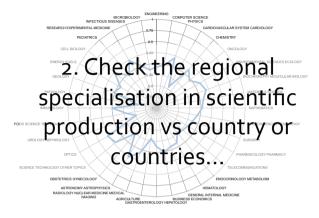
 $P_{i,j}$ is the number of publications from Region i in the scientific discipline j

Normally you compare the regional specialisation to a country or group of countries with descending $\Sigma_{i,j} P_{i,j}$ order.

You can also use this approach to calculate the specialisation of the regional research / academic institutions vs the region.

So far, you can do the following:



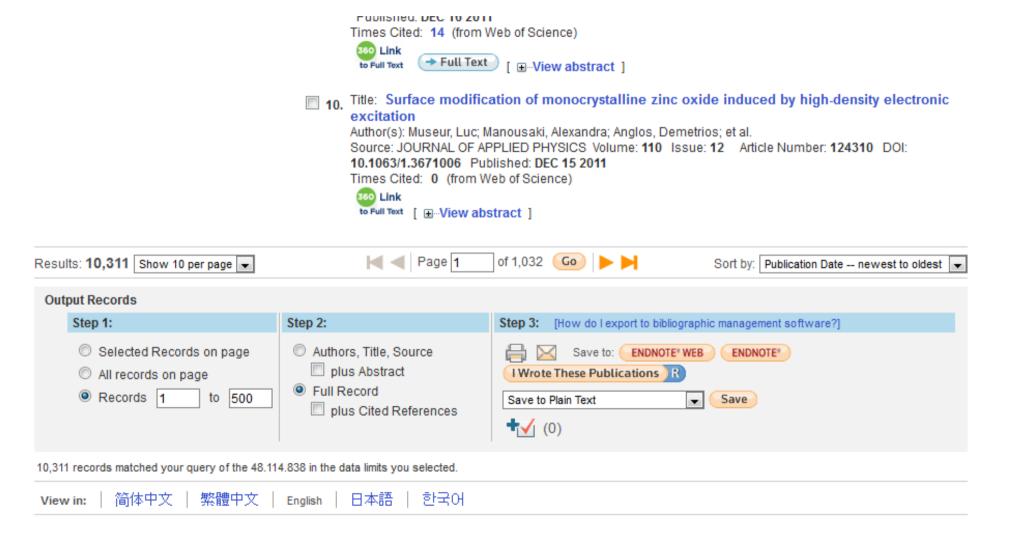




Part II

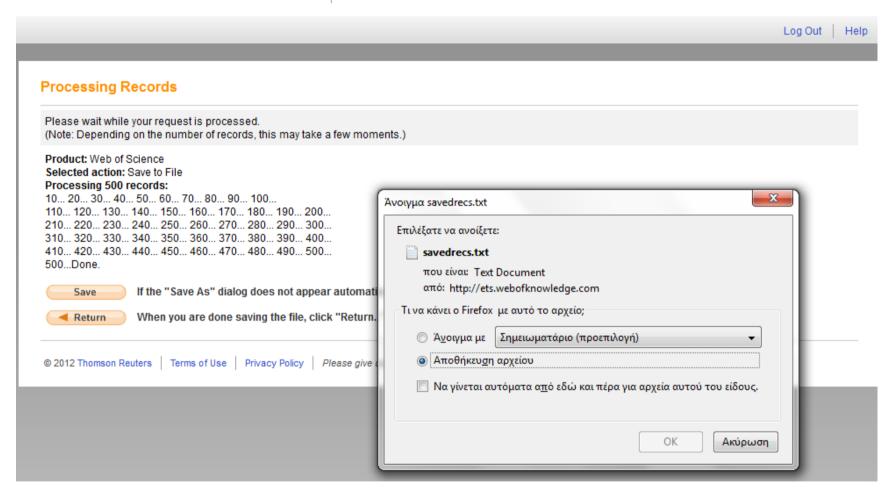
MAPPING THE KNOWLEDGE SECTOR: COLLABORATION & RESEARCH NETWORKS

Doing it the hard way



WEB OF KNOWLEDGE™ | DISCOVERY STARTS HERE

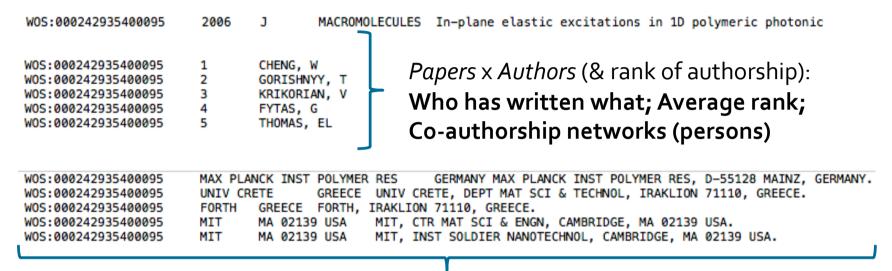




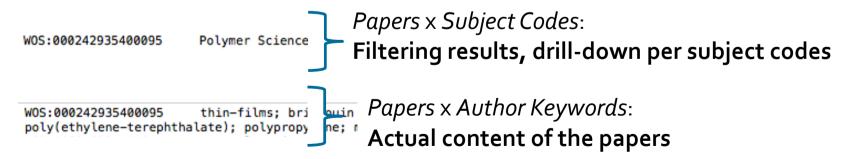
Unique Reference to record: WANG_2011_ASTROPHYS J_736_72_10

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C1 [Wang, Junfeng; Fabbiano, Giuseppina; Elvis, Martin; Risaliti, Guido; Kar
PT J
                                                       [Risaliti, Guido] INAF Arcetri Observ, I-50125 Florence, Italy.
AU Wang, JF
                                                       [Mundell, Carole G.] Liverpool John Moores Univ. Astrophys Res Inst. Birk
   Fabbiano. G
   Elvis. M
                                                       [Zezas, Andreas] Univ Crete, Dept Phys, GR-71003 Iraklion, Crete, Greece.
   Risaliti, G
                                                    RF Wang, JF (reprint author), Harvard Smithsonian Ctr Astrophys, 60 Garden S
   Mundell, CG
                                                    EM juwang@cfa.harvard.edu
                                                    FU NASA [GO8-9101X. GO1-12009X. NAS8-03060]; CXC; Roval Society; Research
   Karovska, M
   Zezas, A
                                                       Councils, UK
                                                    FX We thank the anonymous referee for helpful suggestions. This work is
AF Wang, Junfeng
   Fabbiano, Giuseppina
                                                       supported by NASA grant GO8-9101X (PI: Fabbiano) and grant GO1-12009X
                                                       (PI: Wang). We acknowledge support from the CXC, which is operated by
   Elvis, Martin
                                                       the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (SAO) for and on behalf of
   Risaliti, Guido
                                                       NASA under Contract NAS8-03060. C.G.M. acknowledges financial support
   Mundell, Carole G.
                                                       from the Royal Society and Research Councils, UK. J.W. thanks G.
  Karovska, Margarita
   Zezas, Andreas
                                                       Ferland, T. Kallman, S. Bianchi, A. Marinucci, and S. Chakravorty for
TI A DEEP CHANDRA ACIS STUDY OF NGC 4151. II. THE 1
                                                       extensive advices on photoionization modeling, P. Nulsen for jet power
                                                       discussion, and T. Storchi-Bergmann and R. Riffel for providing the
   REGION AND STRONG EVIDENCE FOR RADIO JET-NLR CLC
SO ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL
                                                       Gemini NIFS maps. This research has made use of data obtained from the
                                                       Chandra Data Archive, and software provided by the CXC in the
LA English
                                                       application packages CIAO and Sherpa.
DE galaxies: individual (NGC 4151); galaxies: jets NR 72
  X-rays: galaxies
ID ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI; SEYFERT-GALAXY NGC-4151; Z9 8
   HUBBLE-SPACE-TELESCOPE; H-I; CIRCUMNUCLEAR REGIO PU IOP PUBLISHING LTD
   EXTENDED EMISSION; VLA OBSERVATIONS; GEMINI NIF: PI BRISTOL
AB We have studied the X-ray emission within the ir PA TEMPLE CIRCUS, TEMPLE WAY, BRISTOL BS1 6BE, ENGLAND
These maps show extended structures that are spatia SN 0004-637X
morphological correspondences with regions of X-ra J9 ASTROPHYS J
VII ratios; the X-ray emission of these regions als of Astrophys
thermal energy of the hot gas suggests that greater DD JUL 20
jet and the dense medium of the circumnuclear regid PY 2011
obtain constraints on the extended iron and silicon VL 736
alpha emission is less than or similar to 5% of the IS 1
C1 [Wang, Junfeng; Fabbiano, Giuseppina; Elvis, Mar AR 62
   [Risaliti, Guido] INAF Arcetri Observ, I-50125 FDI 10.1088/0004-637X/736/1/62
   [Mundell, Carole G.] Liverpool John Moores Univ, PG 10
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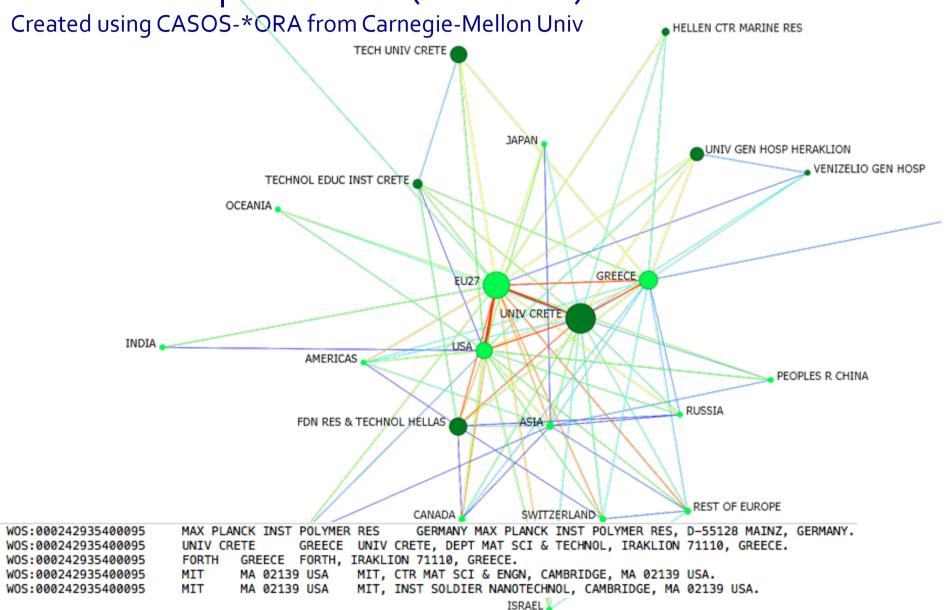
Preparation of flat files for visualisation and analysis



Papers x Affiliations (Organisation, Dept., City, Country): Co-authorship networks between Countries, Organisations, Departments.



Co-authorship Networks (Countries)

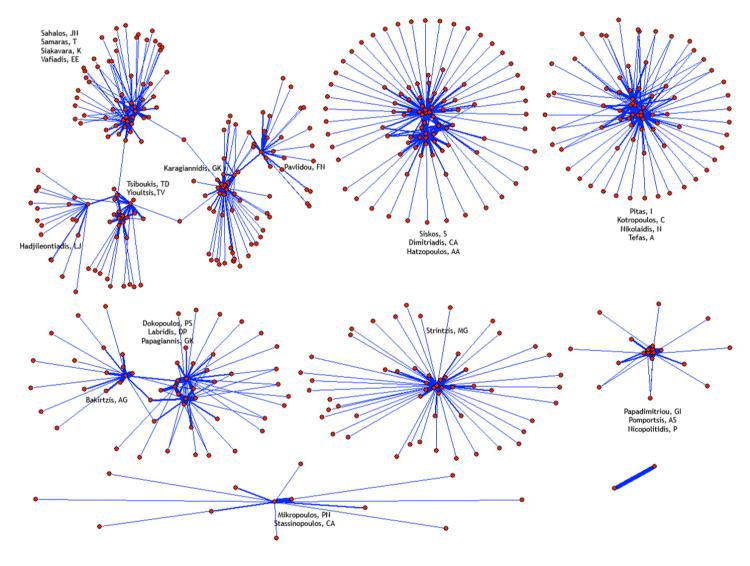


Co-authorship Networks (Institutions)

Created using CASOS-*ORA from Carnegie-Mellon Univ UNIV LYON 1 UNIV NOVA LISBOA HARVARD UNIWNST HLTH CARLOS III UNIV PARIS 1 UNIV OXFORD IST NAZL FIS NUCL RUTGERS STATE UNIV FON RE5% TECHNOL HELLAS ECOLE CENT PARIS UNIV CRETE UNIV EDINBURGH TAMPERE UNIV TECHNOL RICE UNIV IBM CORP TL TEER UNIV ATHENS VANDERBILT UNIV ARISTOTIE UNIV THESSALONIKI INIV PATRA ATHENS UNIV ECON & BUSINESS BELL LABS TECH UNIV CRETE TECHNOL EDUC INST CRETE UNIV AEGEAN DALHOUSIE UNIV COVENTRY UN UNIV PIRAEUS TECH UNIV CAROLO WILHELMINA BRAUNSCHWEIG UNIV FLORIDA UNIV PELOPONNESE DEMOCRITUS UNIV THRACE UNIV S FLORIDA TECHNOL EDUC INST KAVALA © 2013, innovatia systems Measuring the Creative Sector at the Regional Level 26----

Co-authorship Networks (Individual Researchers)

Created using Pajek (Univ. of Ljubljana)

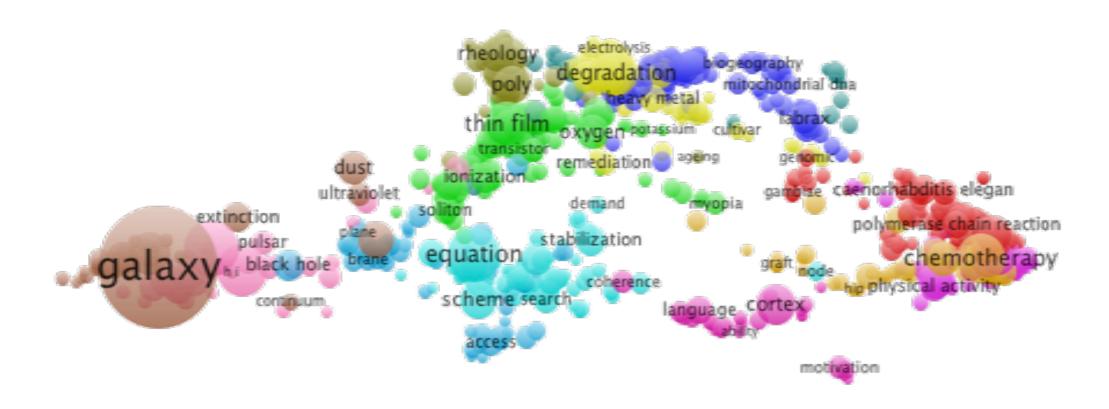


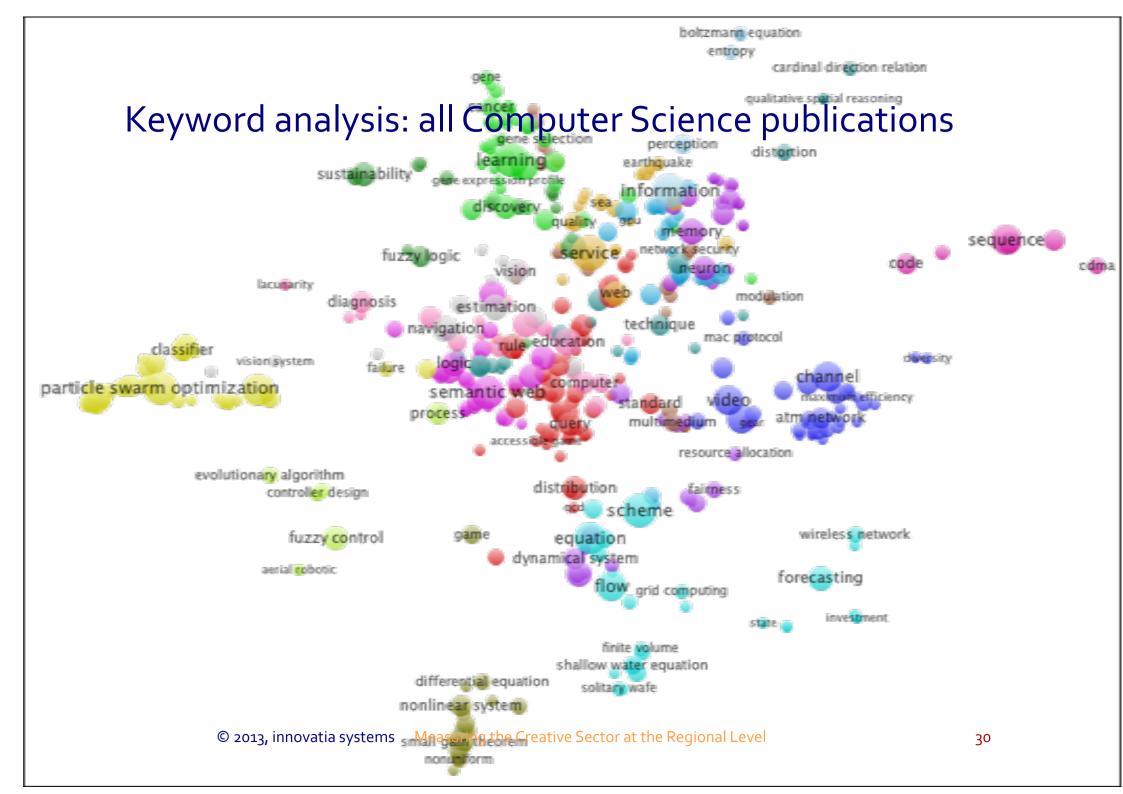
Specialisation within Region

Επιστημονική Περιοχή	Σύνολο Κρήτης	FORTH	HCMR	MAIC	TEIC	TUC	UGHH	UoC	VGHH
Φυσική	1247	631	2		117	77		911	
Τεχνολογία	1197	166	2	2	104	747	7	227	
Επιστήμη Υπολογιστών	940	218	2	1	74	447	3	281	
Χημεία	843	199	2	12	31	138		577	
Βιοχημεία-Μοριακή Βιολογία	582	178	15	2		11	21	493	1
Περιβαλλοντικές Επιστήμες-Οικολογία	515	9	43	8	47	244	2	198	
Ογκολογία	457	12			3	2	209	319	1
Επιστήμη Υλικών	449	231			44	60		294	
Μαθηματικά	422	90	1		24	127		264	
Νευροεπιστήμες & Νευροχειρουργική	322	39			6	7	27	285	4
Αστρονομία & Αστροφυσική	308	105	1		8			289	
Οπτική	275	166			28	28		148	
Καρδιαλογία	260	15			2		134	141	2
Χειρουργική	258	5					68	185	5
Οικανομικά των Επιχειρήσεων	255	17		1	18	79	1	146	
Επιστήμη-Τεχνολογία μη αλλού κατατασσόμενη.	235	105	2	1	13	14	1	173	
Κυτταρική Βιολογία	230	70	3		1	2	27	182	1
Φαρμακολογία	229	9		2	6		38	177	6
Ραδιολογία, Πυρηνική Ιατρική και Ιατρικές Απεικονίσεις	214	12			11	4	79	131	14
Αιματολογία	209	6			1		76	146	7

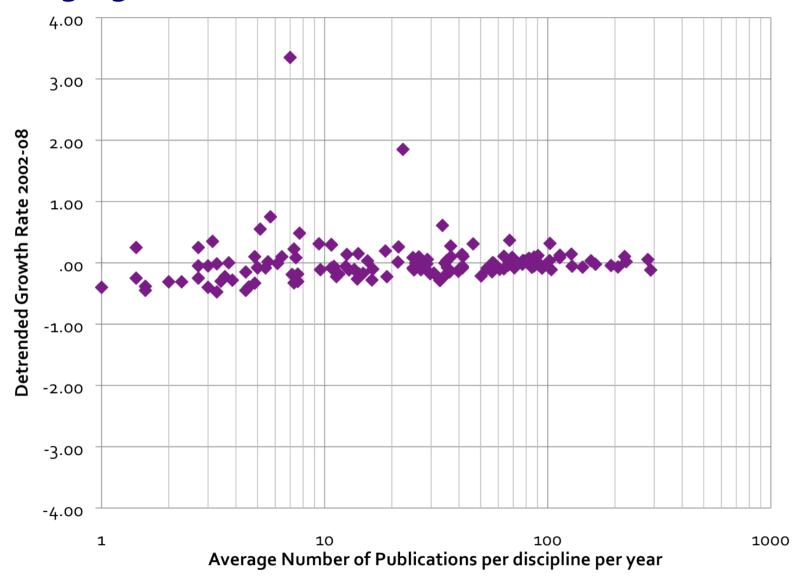
Keyword analysis of all papers published in 2004-11

Created using VOSViewer 1.5.1 (Leiden Univ.)





Emerging Research Fields



Part III

ASSESSING EXCELLENCE IN RESEARCH

Unfortunately and secondary data are available...

		Do-			
	NATURAL SCIENCES				
	Υποκατηγορία επιστημονικού πεδίου (Frascati manual)	Εξειδικευμένη θεματική περιοχή (NSI & Incites)	Ερευνητικό Κέντρο	Σχετικός δείκτης απήχησης	Αριθμός δημοσιεύσεων
	biological sciences	genetics & heredity	ITE	3,94	38
	physical sciences	optics	ITE	2,34	131
EMIC	chemical sciences	chemistry, multidisciplinary	EIE	2,29	40
ENYUNKER	chemical sciences	chemistry, multidisciplinary	ΔΗΜΟΚΡΙΤΟΣ	2,16	80
Ελληνικές Επισ Δημοσιεύσεις	earth and related environmental sciences	meteorology & atmospheric sciences	ITE	2,16	40
BIBYIONELDIKŲ VARIYOU	chemical sciences	polymer science	ITE	1,80	122
	earth and related environmental sciences	water resources	EAA	1,76	41
	biological sciences	cell biology	ITE	1,75	72
	chemical sciences	polymer science	EKETA	1,75	24
	biological sciences	cell biology	EIE	1,72	22
	physical sciences	physics, multidisciplinary	ITE	1,67	76
Rec	biological sciences	biochemistry & molecular biology	ΦΛΕΜΙΝΓΚ	1,67	45
	biological sciences	microbiology	ΠΑΣΤΕΡ	1,64	37
RAN	physical sciences	astronomy & astrophysics	ΔΗΜΟΚΡΙΤΟΣ	1,62	9
	physical sciences	physics, particles & fields	ΔΗΜΟΚΡΙΤΟΣ	1,59	117
	physical sciences	physics, fluids & plasmas	ITE	1,59	22
	mathematics	mathematics	ITE	1,55	22
	computer and information sciences	computer science, interdisciplinary applications	ΔΗΜΟΚΡΙΤΟΣ	1,54	20
Control of the last					

Data based on Thomson/Reuters Incites 1996-2010

Part IV

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER FROM THE REGIONAL PUBLIC RESEARCH ORGANISATIONS

Framework of analysis



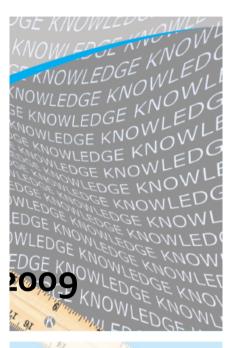


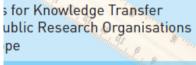
The ProTon Europe **Ninth Annual Survey Report** (fiscal year 2011)

December 2012

Authors Andrea Piccaluga Chiara Balderi Claudia Daniele

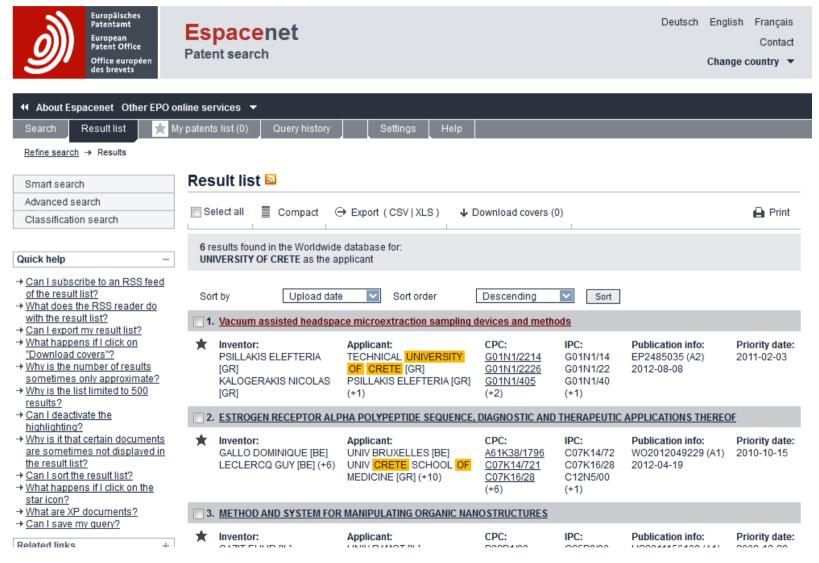
Report produced by Istituto di Management, Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna (Pisa, Italy) for ProTon Europe



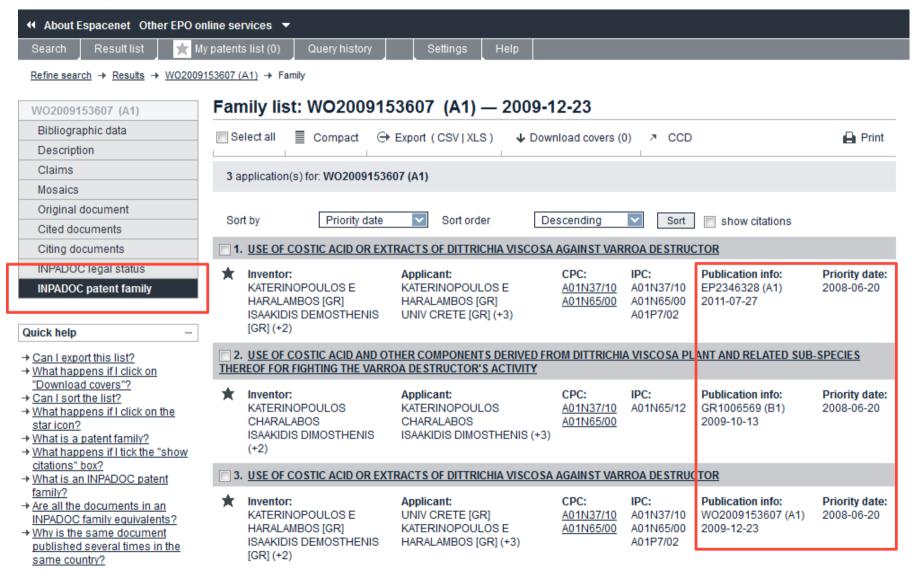


m the European Commission's Expert Group dge Transfer Metrics

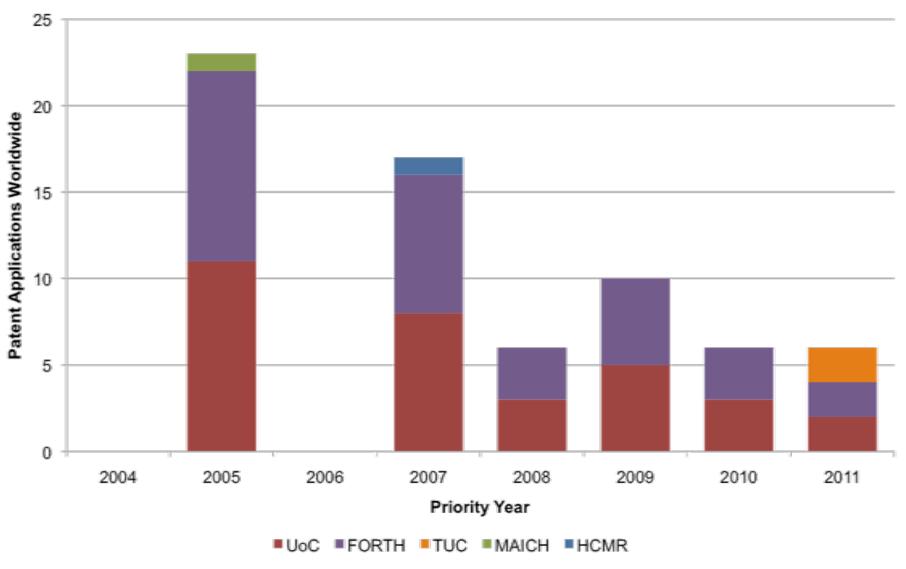
Using espace@net to compile patent statistics (1)



Using espace@net to compile patent statistics (2)



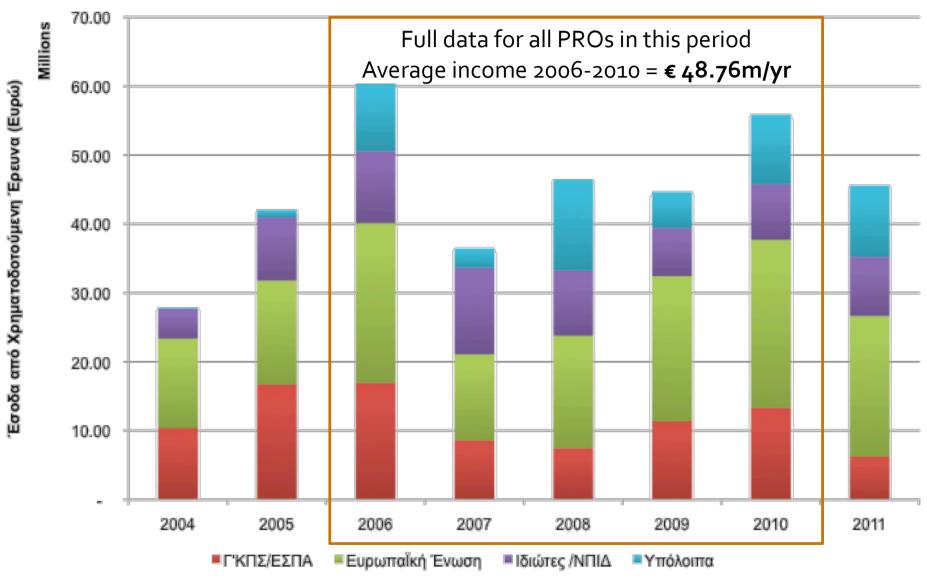
Trends in patenting activity



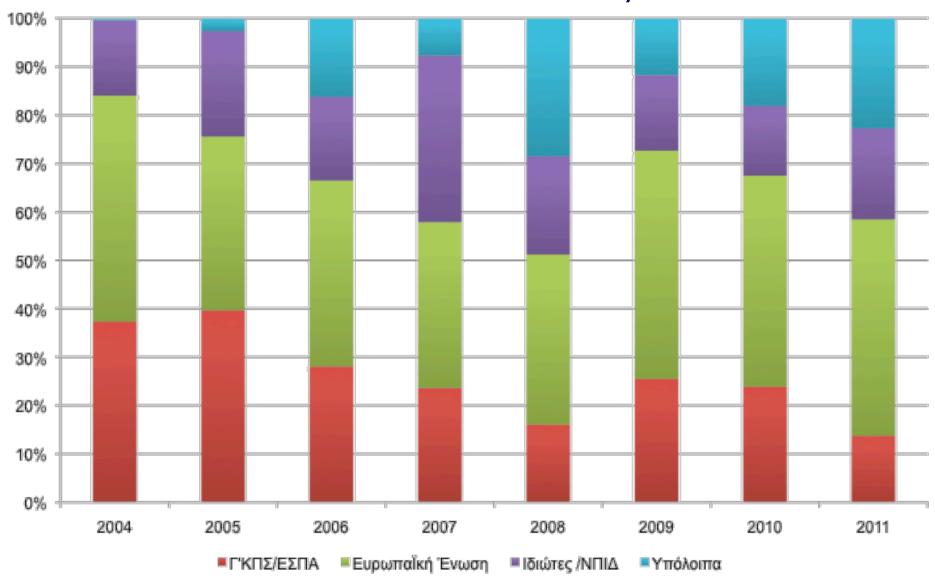
Topics of Patenting Activity

Διεθνής Κατάταξη	Αριθμός	Περιγραφή
A01N37	1	Biocides, pest repellants or attractants, or plant growth regulators containing organic compounds containing a carbon atom having three bonds to hetero atoms with at the most two bonds to halogen, e.g. carboxylic acids
A01N63	2	Biocides, pest repellants or attractants, or plant growth regulators containing micro-organisms, viruses, microbial fungi, animals, e.g. nematodes, or substances produced by, or obtained from micro-organisms, viruses, microbial fungi or animals, e.g. enzymes or fermentates
A01N65	1	Biocides, pest repellants or attractants, or plant growth regulators containing material from algae, lichens, bryophyta, multi-cellular fungi or plants, or extracts thereof
A01P7	1	Arthropodicides
A23L1	1	Foods or foodstuffs; Their preparation or treatment
A61B1	6	Instruments for performing medical examinations of the interior of cavities or tubes of the body by visual or photographical inspection, e.g. endoscopes
A61B10	1	Other methods or instruments for diagnosis, e.g. for vaccination diagnosis; Sex determination; Ovulation-period determination; Throat striking implements
A61B5	1	Measuring for diagnostic purposes; Identification of persons
A61K127	1	Preparations for Medical, Dental or Toilet Purposes coming from leaves
A61K31	1	Medicinal preparations containing organic active ingredients
A61K36	2	Medicinal preparations of undetermined constitution containing material from algae, lichens, fungi or plants, or derivatives thereof, e.g. traditional herbal medicine
B01D11	1	Solvent extraction
B01J23	1	Catalysts comprising metals or metal oxides or hydroxides
C07H17	1	(Organic Chemistry) Compounds containing heterocyclic radicals directly attached to hetero atoms of saccharide radicals

(Co-)Funded Research Revenues (values in M€)



(Co-)Funded Research Revenues (% by source)



PRO impact on the regional/national economy

Foundation for Research & Technology Hellas (1989-2011):

Total Funding from Greek sources: €287m

Direct national funding: €177.55m

EU funds managed by national/regional authorities: €99.61m

Total financial impact to the Greek Economy: €461m

FORTH assets: €51.48m

Revenues from competitive research programmes/frameworks: €201.67m

Contributions to Social Security Funds: €72.22m

Other revenues: €135.62m

Indirect impacts (spin-off companies):

FORTHnet, FORTHphotonics, Minos, ...



Open Issues

No data to estimate knowledge spillovers between regional PROs and industry

Non-published but exploitable knowledge assets (e.g. copyrighted material, software) could not be taken into account

Academia-industry research networks

Actual impact on the regional economy:

Number / Value of collaborative research contracts between PROs and regional businesses

Number / Value of research contracts sponsored by local enterprises

Number / Value of consultancy contracts paid by local enterprises

Overall Assessment

Strong PROs that act as knowledge production poles at the global level

High-quality researchers

FORTH is a best practice of IPR management and technology transfer

Limited networking among PROs in terms of research

Research does not address the needs of the regional economy

Limited evidence of systematic IPR management in all PROs but FORTH

Inability to create a regional ecosystem of knowledge-intensive firms

Thank you for your attention!

Dr Yannis Tolias

Managing Partner & CTO



Dodekanisou 22 GR-546 26 Thessaloniki Greece

T +30 231 056 7442 F +30 231 056 7443 M +30 693 605 6035 E tolias@innovatiasystems.eu

E tolias@innovatiasystems.eu M +30 693 605 6035

F +30 231 056 7443

T +30 231 056 7442



Regional Specialization Index explained (1)

$$RSI_{i,j} = \frac{P_{i,j}}{\sum_{i} P_{i,j}} / \frac{\sum_{j} P_{i,j}}{\sum_{i,j} P_{i,j}}$$

 $P_{i,j}$ is the number of publications from Region i in the scientific discipline j

Publications in **Discipline** *j* from all Regions

Publications in all Disciplines from Region i

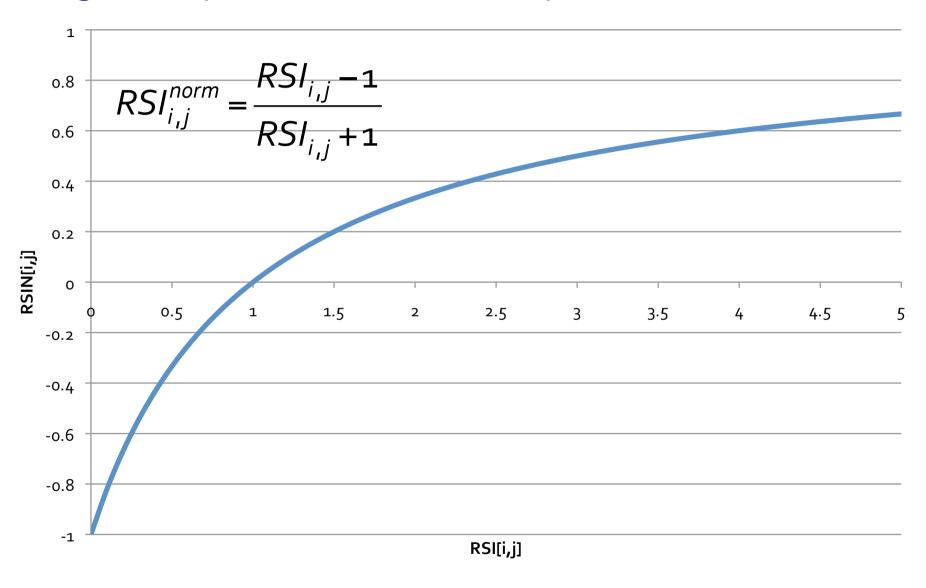
All publications from all Regions

Regional Specialization Index explained (2)

	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Country
Discipline 1	0	0	84	84
Discipline 2	48	59	40	147
Discipline 3	99	74	27	200
Discipline 4	69	78	20	167
Discipline 5	78	69	97	244
Discipline 6	20	20	20	60
Discipline 7	53	17	10	80
Discipline 8	34	59	23	116
Discipline 9	61	64	64	189
Discipline 10	36	44	85	165
	498	484	470	1452

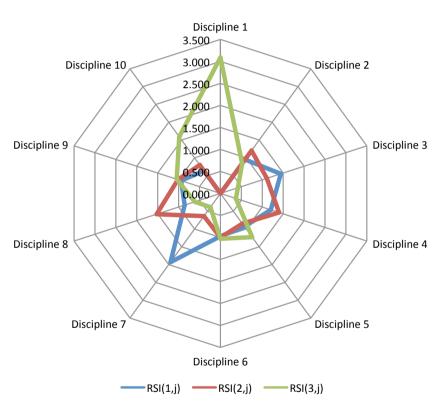
RSI(1,j)	RSI(2,j)	RSI(3,j)
0.000	0.000	3.089
0.952	1.204	0.841
1.443	1.110	0.417
1.205	1.401	0.370
0.932	0.848	1.228
0.972	1.000	1.030
1.932	0.638	0.386
0.855	1.526	0.613
0.941	1.016	1.046
0.636	0.800	1.591

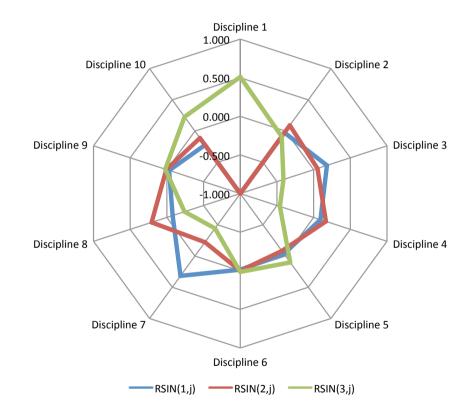
Regional Specialization Index explained (3)





Regional Specialization Index explained (4)





RSI[i,j]

 $RSI^{norm}[i,j]$